

■ **Lemma 4.3: Computation for Claim 2**

```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["~/writing/WIP/KappaLib/"];
<< KappaLib.m
KappaLib v1.1
```

■ **By Lemma 4.3 (i)-(ii), we can represent kappa, using a symmetric invertible 3x3 matrix A and an antisymmetric 3x3 matrix K.**

```
In[3]:= A = emGeneralSymmetric3x3["a"];
K = {
  { 0, k1, k2},
  {-k1, 0, k3},
  {-k2, -k3, 0}
};

In[5]:= (* define adjugate of A and verify.
*
* Note: For invertible A, adj A = (det A) A^(-1).
*
*)
adjA = Table[
  (-1)^(i + j) Det[Drop[A, {i, i}, {j, j}]],
  {j, 1, 3}, {i, 1, 3}
];

Union[Simplify[Flatten[adjA.A - Det[A] IdentityMatrix[3]]]]
Union[Simplify[Flatten[A.adjA - Det[A] IdentityMatrix[3]]]]
Union[Simplify[Flatten[K + Transpose[K]]]]
```

Out[6]= {0}

Out[7]= {0}

Out[8]= {0}

■ **Define A,B,C,D and (2,2)-tensor kappa induced by A and K in Lemma 4.2.**

We know that  $\det(A) \neq 0$ . To simplify expressions, let us introduce variable

$$\alpha = \det(A)$$

```
In[9]:= invA = 1 / alpha adjA;
AA = A;
BB = - invA. (IdentityMatrix[3] + K.invA.K.invA);
CC = K.invA;
DD = - invA.K;
```

```
kappa = emABCDToKappa[AA, BB, CC, DD];
```

■ **Define the 4x4 matrix G0:**

```
In[15]:= kVec[i_] := Sum[
  A[[i]][[b]] 1 / 2 Signature[{b, c, d}] K[[c]][[d]],
  {b, 1, 3}, {c, 1, 3}, {d, 1, 3}
]

G0 = Table[0, {i, 1, 4}, {j, 1, 4}];

G0[[1]][[1]] = alpha;

For[k = 1, k <= 3, k++,
  G0[[1]][[k + 1]] = kVec[k];
  G0[[k + 1]][[1]] = kVec[k];
];

For[k = 1, k <= 3, k++,
  For[l = 1, l <= 3, l++,
    G0[[k + 1]][[l + 1]] = -A[[k]][[l]] + 1 / alpha kVec[k] kVec[l];
  ];
];
```

- Check that  $\text{Det}[G_0] = -\alpha^2$  (or hence  $\text{Det}[G] = -1$ ).  
As described in the proof, this can also be shown using a Shur complement.

```
In[20]= FullSimplify[(Det[G0] + alpha^2) /. alpha -> Det[AA]]
```

```
Out[20]= 0
```

- Claim 2:

$$\kappa = -\text{sgn}(\det(A)) \text{ast}_h \quad (**)$$

where  $h$  is the (0,2) tensor with entries given by  $G^{-1}$ .

- In the paper the the RHS in (\*) is expanded into

$$-\text{sgn} \det(A) (\text{ast}_h)^{ij}_{rs} = -1/\alpha G_0^{ia} G_0^{jb} \epsilon_{abrs}$$

```
In[21]= RHS = emZeroKappa[];
```

```

For[i = 1, i <= 4, i++,
  For[j = i + 1, j <= 4, j++,
    For[r = 1, r <= 4, r++,
      For[s = r + 1, s <= 4, s++,
        RHS[[i]][[j]][[r]][[s]] = -1 / alpha Sum[
          GO[[i]][[a]] GO[[j]][[b]] Signature[{a, b, r, s}],
            {a, 1, 4}, {b, 1, 4}
        ];
      ];
    ];
  ];
];
```

```
In[23]= (* Compute LHS-RHS in (**), and cancel all alpha:s in denominators *)
```

```
delta = Expand[(kappa - RHS) alpha^3];
delta = Union[Flatten[delta]];
```

```
(* Check that the result is a polynomial *)
Union[
  Table[
    PolynomialQ[delta[[i]], Variables[delta[[i]]]],
    {i, 1, Length[delta]}
  ]
];
```

```
Out[25]= {True}
```

```
In[26]= Simplify[delta /. alpha -> Det[A]] // Timing
```

```
Out[26]= {0.023346, {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}}
```